

Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure

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## Biodiversity is the fastest developing ESG theme in global capital markets

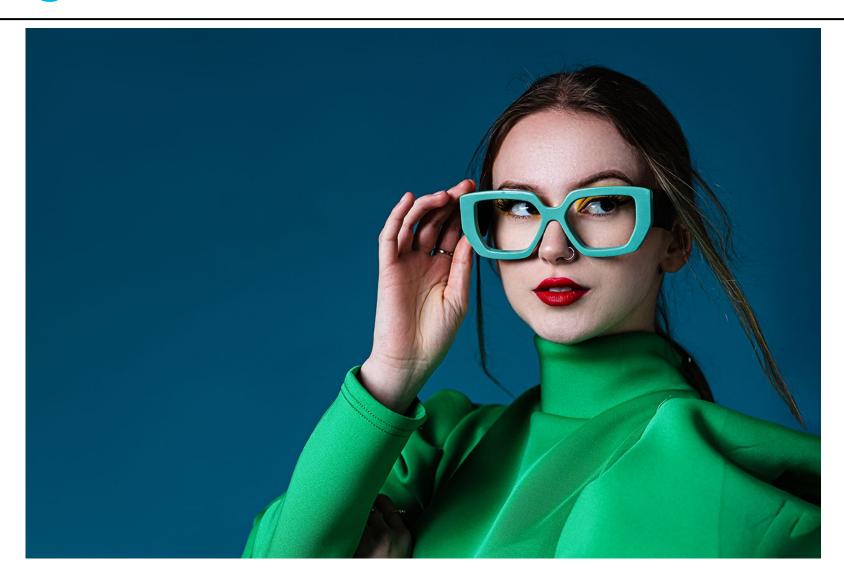


- More than half of global economic output US\$44 trillion is dependent to some extent on nature. Increasing
  nature loss therefore presents a threat to the long-term sustainability of businesses, their investors and creditors
  and the global economy as a whole.
- The IPBES Global Assessment report in 2019 showed that an estimated 1 million species are under risk of
  extinction, most of them in the near future.
- Nearly US\$3 trillion could be lost from global GDP by the end of the decade without sustained action to protect biodiversity and ecosystems (World Economic Forum's Global Risks report).
- For 3 years running, the loss of biodiversity has been identified by the World Economic Forum's Global Risk
   Report as among the top 5 risks by impact to the global economy. The loss of biodiversity could have significant economic and financial implications, heavily impacting the supply chains and raw materials that underpin companies.

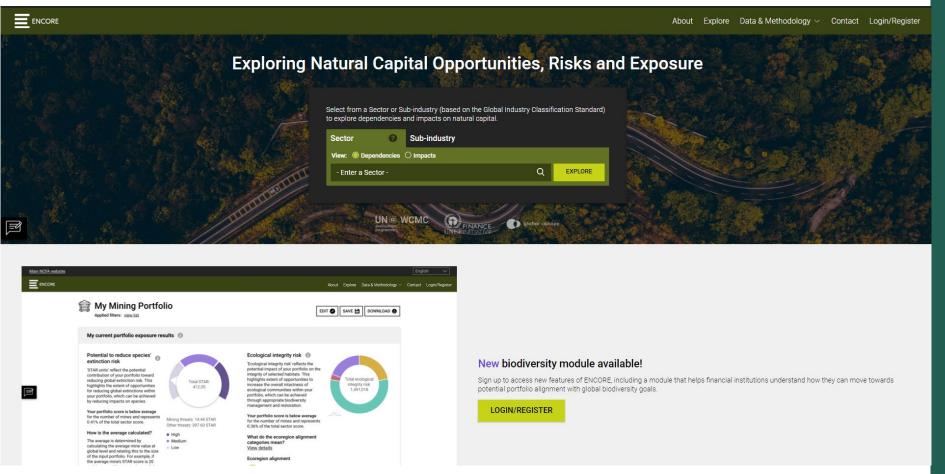
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## What is green?





## What is ENCORE?





 Synthesises large body of literature on natural capital

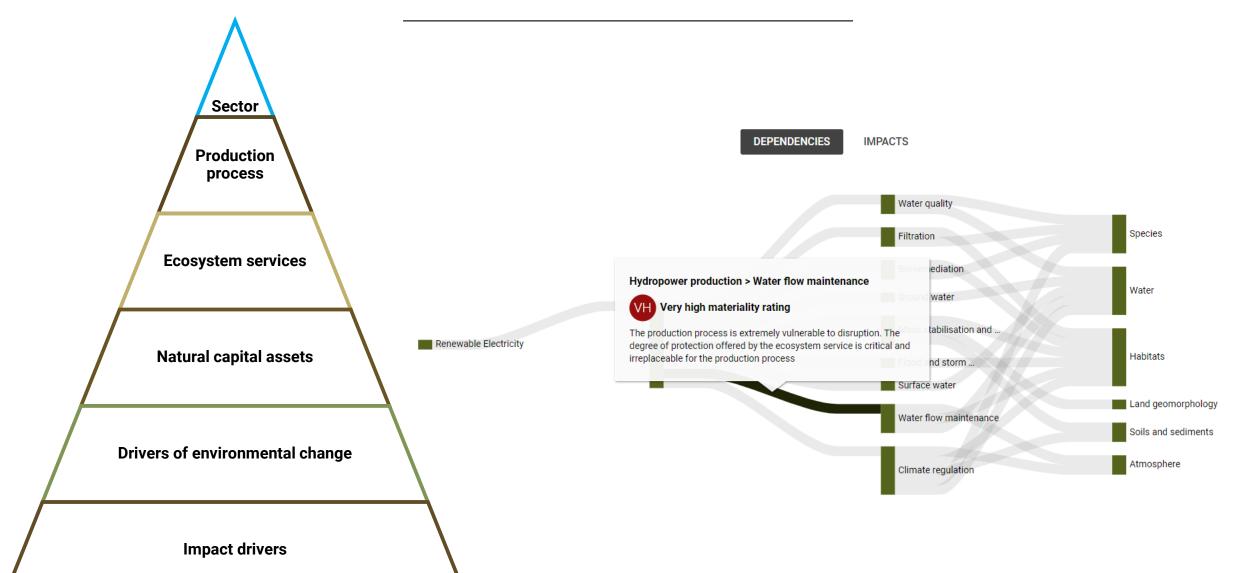


 Helps users build understanding of dependencies and impacts



 Provides a foundation for further detailed analyses

## **ENCORE's knowledge base and functionality**



# Work building from ENCORE

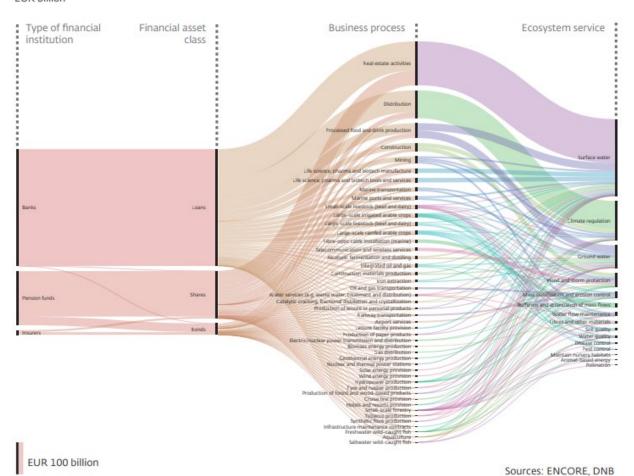
ENCORE data has been used as the basis for high-profile reports



**DNB & PBL (June 2020)** 

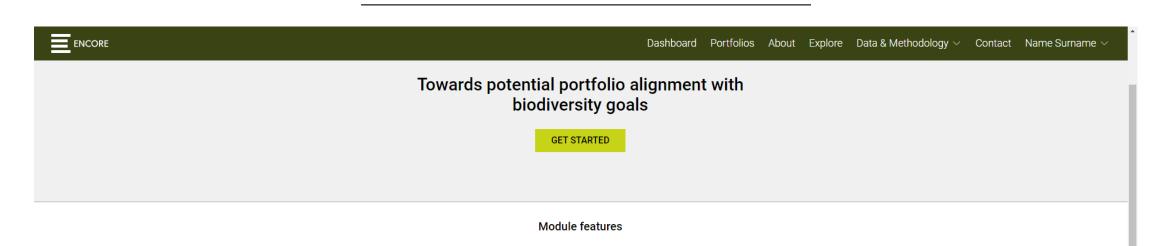
#### Figure 3 The financial sector and ecosystem services dependencies per euro invested\*

**EUR** billion



\* The total value of the holdings in shares and bonds (2018-IV), and of the major loans (2017-IV) by Dutch financial institutions, is EUR 1,421 billion.

## **ENCORE's biodiversity module**



Important notice: this module uses goal-relevant metrics, but does not currently provide an explicit link to global biodiversity goals in the developing post-2020 global biodiversity framework as this is yet to be formally agreed at the 15th Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD COP-15). This module will be updated in accordance with the final negotiated text of the post-2020 global





### Current portfolio potential to reduce species extinction and ecological integrity risk

Helps you answer: To what extent can my portfolio potentially reduce global extinction risk? To what extent does my portfolio potentially impact ecological integrity?



biodiversity framework once this text is available.

#### Global overview of current portfolio exposure

Helps you answer: Where are the regional hotspots of my agriculture impacts? Are my portfolio-level mining impacts driven by a small subset of my mining portfolio?



#### Potential future exposure

**Helps you answer:** What are potential pathways for positive impacts within my agriculture or mining portfolio?



#### Options for increasing alignment

Helps you answer: What types of actions can I take to increase the alignment of my portfolio with global biodiversity goals?

### What else does UNEP FI offer?





#### Nature in a Haystack: Leveraging Public Nature-related Data in Disclosure Frameworks

Recommendations based on an assessment of data availability for Costa Rica, India, Indonesia, Mexico and South Africa



## Are You Ready For Nature-related Disclosure?

An assessment of readiness and expectations from the corporate market

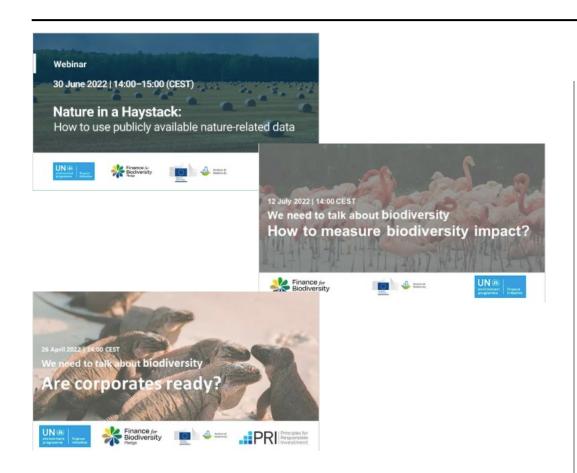


#### Prioritising Naturerelated Disclosures: Considerations for High-risk Sectors

An overview of the main dependencies and impacts for 10 high-risk sectors







'We need to talk about biodiversity'
Webinar series (ongoing)

#### **Nature for Life Hub 2022 (UNDP)**

'An agenda for action: understanding naturerelated risk and disclosure' (November 2022)





CBD COP 15 and side events on finance & biodiversity (December 2022)





# Thanks! romie.goedicke@un.org